

Buch, Titelseite, The Works of Geoffrey Chaucer, 1896 Gestaltung und Schriftentwurf: William Morris Illustration: Sir Edward Burne-Jones Autorschaft: Geoffrey Chaucer Herausgabe: F.S. Ellis Druckerei: Kelmscott Press, Hammersmith, GB Holzschnitt: W. H. Hooper Material/Technik: Büttenpapier, Buchdruck / Schrift:

Chaucer-Type 42.3 × 29.2 cm

Eigentum: Museum für Gestaltung Zürich / ZHdK

The book *The Works of Geoffrey Chaucer*, produced by William Morris (1834–1896) at Kelmscott Press, which he founded outside of London expressly for that purpose, is considered a masterpiece. Morris approached book art, like the other applied arts, with the aim of combining beauty and practicality down to the last detail in handcrafted products.

In 1891, the year in which he founded Kelmscott Press, William Morris already intended to publish the works of the Middle English poet in a new edition. Several years would pass, however, before this project, the publishing house's largest, was completed. During this time, the artist Edward Burne-Jones created eighty-seven woodcut illustrations, while Morris himself designed the ornamental borders, frames, countless initial letters and words, as well as the title page. Beginning in 1895, the Kelmscott Chaucer was printed in Hammersmith in a typeface designed by Morris—the so-called Chaucer type—on two Albion hand printing presses. The typeface was the result of Morris's wish to create a clearly legible Gothic script. Morris also pondered over the ideal spacing between the words, letters, and lines of type, as well as over the width of the

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Zürcher Hochschule der Künste borders. He sought out the best possible ink and produced a handmade linen paper. For approximately 48 of the 440 copies (425 printed on paper and fifteen on parchment), he designed an embossed white leather binding whose style was based on fifteenth-century bookbinding. The integration of illustrations, text, borders, and initial letters, as well as the red ink used in the subheadings and the table of contents, was also reminiscent of the medieval book art and early European book printing after which they were modelled. All of these elements formed a part of Morris's vision of the "ideal book" in the spirit of the Arts and Crafts movement. (Rhiannon Ash)

https://www.eguide.ch/en/objekt/the-works-of-geoffrey-chaucer/

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